ANNUAL REPORT 31ST DECEMBER 2017

SINTON SPENCE CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS 2ND FLOOR, BRIAN BELL PLAZA TURUMU STREET, BOROKO, NCD TELEPHONE: 325 7611 FACSIMILE: 325 9389

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ANNUAL REPORT - 31ST DECEMBER 2017

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

REGISTERED OFFICE

Ground Floor MiBank Haus Emmanuel Drive Allotment 21, Section 21 Kokopo East New Britain Province Papua New Guinea

PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ADDRESS

Ground Floor MiBank Haus Emmanuel Drive Allotment 21, Section 21 Kokopo East New Britain Province Papua New Guinea Telephone: 9828458 Website: www.kpml.com.pg

POSTAL ADDRESS

Kada Poroman Microfinance Limited P.O. Box 200 Kokopo East New Britain Province Papua New Guinea

DIRECTORS

Ezekiel Bangin Jack Walom Henry Tavul Nerrie Tololo

COMPANY SECRETARY

Timothy Vatnabar

AUDITOR

Sinton Spence Chartered Accountants 2nd Floor, Brian Bell Plaza Turumu Street Boroko National Capital District P.O. Box 6861 Boroko National Capital District Papua New Guinea

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors of **KADA POROMAN MICROFINANCE LIMITED** have pleasure in presenting the Annual Report of the company for the year ended 31st December 2017.

REGISTERED OFFICE

The company's registered office is situated at Ground Floor MiBank Haus, Emmanuel Drive, Kokopo, East New Britain Province, Papua New Guinea.

COMPANY DIRECTORS

The following persons held office from the date of the last Annual Report to the date of this Annual Report:-

Ezekiel Bangin Esau Niba (ceased 12.01.2016) Jack Walom (appointed 22.11.2017) Henry Tavul Nerrie Tololo

RESULTS

The comprehensive loss for the year before taxation amounted to K211,275 (2016 – a comprehensive income for the year before taxation amounting to K443,780).

DIVIDEND

The directors recommend that no dividend be paid.

ACTIVITIES

The company's principal business activity during the year was providing microfinance services.

AUDITOR

These financial statements have been audited by Sinton Spence Chartered Accountants and should be read in conjunction with the Independent Audit Report set out on pages 4 and 5.

FURTHER DISCLOSURES

The company has obtained consent from its shareholders not to disclose the matters required under Section 212(1)(a) and (d) to (j) of the Companies Act 1997.

Signed at Kokopo, E.N.B.P.

This Wolday of July 2018

On behalf of the Board of Directors

DIRECTOR

KADA POROMAN MICROFINANCE LIMITED STATEMENT BY THE DIRECTORS

In the opinion of the directors of KADA POROMAN MICROFINANCE LIMITED:

- 1. (a) the statement of comprehensive income is drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the results of the business of the company for the financial year ended 31st December 2017;
 - (b) the statement of financial position is drawn up so as to exhibit a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st December 2017;
 - (c) the statement of cash flows is drawn up to exhibit a true and fair view of the movements in cash of the company for the financial year ended 31st December 2017;
 - (d) the statement of changes in equity is drawn up to exhibit a true and fair view of the changes in equity for the financial year ended 31st December 2017;
 - (e) at the date of this statement there are reasonable grounds to believe the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.
- 2. the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards adopted in Papua New Guinea and the Papua New Guinea Companies Act 1997.
- 3. The key risks facing the Company are identified on a continuous ongoing basis. Systems have been established to monitor and manage risks including setting and adhering to a series of prudential limits and by adequate and regular reporting. These risk management systems are operating effectively and are adequate having regard to the risks they are designed to control.

Signed at Kokopo, E.N.B.P.

This ofhday of July 2018

On behalf of the Board of Directors

DIRECTOR

DIRE

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **KADA POROMAN MICROFINANCE LIMITED**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31st December 2017, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies, and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

As auditor, we are required to be independent of the company and free of interests that could be incompatible with integrity and objectivity. In respect of this engagement, we followed the independence requirements set out by Certified Practising Accountants Papua New Guinea.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of **KADA POROMAN MICROFINANCE LIMITED** as at 31st December 2017, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the Papua New Guinea Companies Act 1997.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

Other Assignments

This firm has not carried out any other assignments for **KADA POROMAN MICROFINANCE LIMITED** apart from the audit of the financial statements in respect of the year ended 31st December 2017.

Signed at Boroko

This May of Www 2018

By J.S. SPENCE

(Registered under the Accountants Act - 1996)

SINTON SPENCE

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

2nd Floor Brian Bell Plaza, Turumu Street, Boroko, NCD PO Box 6861, Boroko, NCD Papua New Guinea

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

	NOTES	2017 K		2016 K
Operating income		2,575,685		2,467,811
Operating expenses Depreciation		000 000		
Staff costs Other operating expenses		280,399 767,675 1,721,771		319,685 744,937 951,089
Loss from appretions		2,769,845	•	2,015,711
Loss from operations Finance expenses Bank charges		(194,160)		452,100
Comprehensive loss before taxation		<u>17,115</u> (211,275)		8,320 443,780
Taxation Current period Prior year taxation adjustment	13	2 722 464		-
Deferred tax		2,722,164 (1,061,086) 1,661,078		133,134
Total comprehensive loss for the year after taxation		K (1,872,353)	K	310,646

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2017

	NOTES	2017	2016
		K	K
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Share capital Reserves	4	4,177,197 (3,992,020)	3,896,016 (2,119,420)
SURPLUS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		K185,177	K1,776,596
Represented by:-			
ASSETS			
CURRENT			
Cash on hand and at bank	5	581,119	503,034
Treasury bills	6	6,835,527	7,240,977
Receivables	8	373,574	557,296
Inventory	9	64,466	89,450
Taxation refundable	13	43,248	2,722,164
Consumer finance loans	7	3,230,134	2,594,208
		11,128,068	13,707,129
NON CURRENT			
Fixed assets	14	2,760,344	2,892,478
Future income tax benefit	13	1,070,914	12,192
		3,831,258	2,904,670
TOTAL ASSETS		14,959,326	16,611,799
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT			
Payables	10	60,541	592,631
Savings accounts and deposits	12	14,619,129	14,162,369
Provision for employee benefits	11	29,260	26,085
		14,708,930	14,781,085
NON CURRENT			
Provision for employee benefits	11	65,219	51,755
Provision for deferred taxation	13	_	2,363
		65,219	54,118
TOTAL LIABILITIES		14,774,149	14,835,203
NET ASSETS		K185,177	K1,776,596

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

	SHARE CAPITAL	ASSET REVALUATION	GENERAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	TOTAL
	K	K	К	K	K
Balance at 31.12.2015	3,896,016	281,969	470,720	(2,812,035)	1,836,670
Issue of shares	-	-	-	-	-
Comprehensive income after taxation	-	-	-	310,646	310,646
Transferred to interest subsidy	-	-	(370,720)	-	(370,720)
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31.12.2016	3,896,016	281,969	100,000	(2,501,389)	1,776,596
Issue of shares 236,274 ordinary shares at K1.19 per share	281,166	-	-	-	281,166
Comprehensive income after taxation	-	-	-	(1,872,353)	(1,872,353)
Prior year premium paid for share buy back	-	-	-	(247)	(247)
Prior year share value discrepency	15	-	-	-	15
Dividend					-
Balance at 31.12.2017	K4,177,197	K 281,969	K 100,000	K (4,373,989)	K 185,177

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

	NOTE	2017 K	2016 K
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest and commission receipts		2,273,155	2,467,811
Loan repayments and customer deposits		456,760	3,347,933
Loan disbursements and customer withdrawls		(1,011,709)	(1,862,746)
Payments to suppliers and employees Borrowing expenses		(2,509,578)	(2,587,459)
Net cash used in operating activities	4 55	-	(2,894)
rect cash used in operating activities	15	(791,372)	1,362,645
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		238,057	236,437
Purchase of fixed assets		(174,239)	(465,536)
Sale of fixed assets		10,000	(871)
Net cash used in investing activities		73,818	(229,970)
Cash flows from finance activities			
Issue of shares		281,166	04 225
Share buyback		-	84,225 (2,509)
Net cash generated from finance activities		281,166	81,716
			01,710
Net cash used during the year		(436,388)	1,214,391
Cash and equivalents at the			
beginning of the year		7,853,034	6,638,643
		, , = = , = = .	0,000,040
Cash and equivalents at end of the year		K 7,416,646	K 7,853,034
Cash and equivalents are comprised of the following balances:			
Cash on hand		74,280	404.040
Cash at bank		506,839	124,910 378,124
Treasury bills		6,835,527	7,350,000
Cash and equivalents at end of the year			
at end of the year		K 7,416,646	K 7,853,034

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are presented in accordance with the Papua New Guinea Companies Act 1997 and comply with applicable financial reporting standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements approved for use in Papua New Guinea by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB). The ASB has adopted International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations issued by the Standing Interpretations Committee as the applicable financial reporting framework.

The fundamental accounting assumptions recognised as appropriate for the measurement and reporting of results, cashflows and the financial position have been followed in the preparation of these financial statements.

Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous year.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

(a) Historical Cost Convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and have not been adjusted to take account of the current costs of specific assets or their impact on the operating results, or changes in the general purchasing power of the kina.

(b) Foreign Currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in Kina at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities are recorded at the exchange rate at the statement of financial position date. All gains and losses arising from exchange rate fluctuations are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

(c) Employee Benefits

The liability or amounts expected to be paid to employees for their pro-rata entitlement to long service leave, annual leave and leave fares are accrued annually at current pay rates having regard to period of service and statutory obligations.

(d) Recognition of Revenue and Expenditure

All revenue and expenditure is taken to account in accordance with the principle of matching income and expenses.

(e) Interest Income and Expenses

Interest income and expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for all interest bearing instruments on an accruals basis using the effective yield method based on the purchase price. Interest income includes coupons earned on fixed income investments and available-for-sale securities and accrued discount and premium on treasury bills and other discounted instruments. Interest income is suspended when loans become doubtful for collection, such as when the borrower or securities issuer defaults. Such income is excluded from interest income until received.

(f) Provision for doubtful debts

Provisions for doubtful debts comprise a specific provision for identified doubtful debts and general provisions, where necessary, to cover unidentified risks inherent in the overall loan portfolio which experience has indicated could emerge in the future. Specific provisioning is raised against the income account as and when appraisals of all outstanding advances determine that recovery is doubtful with subsequent favourable appraisals being re-credited to the income account. The general provision is raised periodically through the year based upon average bad debts experience and growth in the overall level of loans and advances.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Impairment of Assets

The company assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the company that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.

(h) Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost or at valuation less accumulated depreciation. The carrying amount of fixed assets is reviewed annually by the directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount for those assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows which will be received from the assets employed and subsequent disposal.

Depreciation is calculated on the diminishing value method so as to write off the net costs of the various classes of fixed assets during their effective working lives. Additions are depreciated from the date of purchase in the year of acquisition.

The principal annual rates in use are: -

Land Nil Buildings 4.25%

Plant and equipment 22.50%, 30.00%

Motor vehicles 30.00%

Office equipment 11.25%, 15.00%, 22.50%, 30.00%

(i) Income Tax

Tax effect accounting procedures have been adopted whereby the income tax expense in the income account is matched with the accounting profit (after allowing for permanent differences). The future tax benefit is not carried forward as an asset unless the benefit can be regarded as being virtually certain of realisation. Income tax on net cumulative timing differences is set aside to the deferred income tax and future tax benefit accounts at the rates which are expected to apply when those timing differences reverse. The current rates have been used for this purpose.

(j) Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand, in "at call" deposits with banks or financial institutions and investments in money market instruments maturing within less than two months, net of bank overdrafts.

(k) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In which case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Financial services are exempt supplies hence GST paid on expenses incurred in relation to the derivation of exempt supplies are recognised as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flow.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Receivables

Receivables are initially valued at cost. Provisions are made at the balance date to account for revaluations of receivables due to non recoverability.

(m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

(n) Investments

Investments held are originally recognised at cost which includes transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at fair value which is equivalent to their market bid price at reporting date. Movements in fair value are recognised through an equity reserve.

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The nature of activities and management policies with respect to financial instruments is as follows: -

(a) Financial risk management

The company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of changes in market prices and interest rates. The company monitors these financial risks and seeks to minimise the potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the company. The company does not use any derivative financial instruments to hedge these exposures.

(b) Currency

The company does not undertake any significant transactions in foreign currencies and consequently is not exposed to any foreign currency risks.

(c) Credit risk

In the normal course of its business the company incurs credit risk from consumer loans. The company performs credit evaluations of all entities to which it has credit risk exposure. The company maintains its cash and bank balances with financial institutions which have a high credit standing. The company has satisfactorily provided for bad and doubtful debts at balance date.

(d) Liquidity risk

The company aims to prudently manage liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and other liquid assets or the availability of funding through uncommitted credit facilities to meet its financial obligations as and when they arise.

(e) Interest rate risk

The company earns interest on deposits. The management monitor market rates for interest on deposits and makes investment decisions based on the market and the company's income requirement.

(f) Fair value

The face values less any estimated credit adjustments for financial assets and liabilities are assumed to approximate their fair values.

3	AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION - audit	2017 K	2016 K
	- other services	-	-

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

		Shares 2017	issued 2016	2017 K	2016 K
4	SHARE CAPITAL Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary shares issued at K1.00 per share Ordinary shares issued at K1.19 per share	330,190 3,232,779	330,190 2,996,505	330,190 3,847,007	330,190 3,565,841
		3,562,969	3,326,695	4,177,197	3,896,031
5	CASH AND BANK				
	Cash on hand			1,500	1,000
	Main and teller cash			13,000	20,000
	ATM 1			13,440	28,880
	ATM 2			31,240	36,820
	ATM float			13,000	38,210
	ATM test			2,100	
	Bank South Paciific - KPML 1			128,829	217,562
	Bank South Paciific - KPML 2			16,203	76,207
	Kada Poroman Microfinance Limited			106,574	60
	ANZ operating account 15061081			221,459	80,839
	ANZ Kerevat account 15061116			1,162	1,312
	ANZ Warangoi account 15061149			2,014	2,144
	KPML Rabaul			30,598	· -
				581,119	503,034
6	TREASURY BILLS				
	Treasury Bills - Bank of Papua New Guinea			6,900,000	7,350,000
	Unearned interest			64,473	109,023
				6,835,527	7,240,977
	The company holds Treasury Bills issued by Guinea.	y the Bank o	f Papua New		
	The Treasury Bills were issued on a 182 day rates between 4.72% and 4.74%.	/ maturity pe	riod with yield		
7	CONSUMER FINANCE LOANS				
	Loans to customers			3,941,891	2,930,182
	Provision for non recoverable loans			(711,757)	(335,974)
				3,230,134	2,594,208
	At 31.12.2017, there were approximately	1,304 con	sumer loans		

At 31.12.2017, there were approximately 1,304 consumer loans outstanding. The loans range from K625 upwards. Loan periods range from 12 to 36 months with Interest accruing at a rate of 25% per annum.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

		2017 K	2016 K
_			
8	RECEIVABLES Other debtors Cheque clearing account Interbank transfer account Interest withholding tax	77,640 60,360 5,121	110,120 78,680 5,575
	Prepayments Rental bonds	196,970 33,483	21,275 312,563 29,083
		373,574	557,296
9	INVENTORY Passbooks	27,199	35,114
	ATM cards, stationery and consumables	37,267	54,336
		64,466	89,450
10	PAYABLES Accrued expenses Accrued wages	36,805 21,068	51,279 -
	Sundry creditors	2,668	33,352
	PPP funds payable	-	508,000
	Funds held under the ENB Provincial Administration, PPP program were fully repaid to the ENB Development Corporation on 12 th September 2017.	60,541	592,631
	The funds were originally provided for the purpose of funding the Hatchery Project for the benefit of the 18 LLGs of ENB.		
11	PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS Current		
	Annual leave	29,260	26,085
	Non-current Long service leave	65,219	51,755
		94,479	77,840
40	04)//NO0 4 000//NITO 4 ND DWD 0 0775		
12	SAVINGS ACCOUNTS AND DEPOSITS Savings accounts and deposits	14,619,129	14,162,369
	At 31.12.2017, there were a total of 39,297 savings account		

holders.

The savings accounts do not incur interest.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

		2017 K	2016 K
13	TAXATION		
	(i) Taxation expense		
	Comprehensive loss for the year	(211,275)	443,780
	Prima facie tax on loss	(63,383)	133,134
	Tax effect of permanent differences Note 13(iv)(a) Tax effect of timing differences Note 13(iv)(b)	445 450	2,334
	ransfer to taxation loss	115,476	12,191
	Taxation losses utilised	(52,093)	- (147,659)
	Taxation expense		
	(ii) Provision for taxation		
	Opening balance Prior year taxation adjustment	(2,722,164)	(2,714,287)
	Tax expense for the year	2,722,164	
	Interest withholding tax deducted at source Taxation paid	(43,248)	- (7,877)
	Taxation refundable	-	
	raxation refundable	(43,248)	(2,722,164)
	(iii) Deferred tax assets		
	Taxation losses	2,705,604	_
	Provision for doubtful debts Provision for employee benefits	711,757	-
	Accrued wages	94,479 21,068	9,757
	Accrued expenses	36,805	(3,332)
	Accrued revenue	-	34,213
	Interest withholding tax	-	(7,877)
		3,569,713	32,761
	Future income tax benefit at 30%	1,070,914	9,828
	(iv) Reconciliation of taxation expense		
	(a) Permanent diferences Superannuation		
	ouperannuation	-	7,781
	Tour official 2000/		7,781
	Tax effect at 30%		2,334
	(b) Timing differences		
	Provision for annual leave	3,175	/11 /72\
	Provision for long service leave	13,464	(11,473) 21,230
	Provision for doubtful debts Accrued revenue	375,783	-
	Accrued wages	- 0.074	34,213
	Accrued expenses	6,974 (14,475)	(3.332)
		384,921	(3,332)
	Tax effect at 30%		40,638
		115,476	12,191

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

14 FIXED ASSETS

	Land and Buildings at fair value K	Motor Vehicles at cost K	Computers at cost K	Office Equipment at cost K	Office Furniture at cost K	Total K
2017						
Cost Valuation (land)	1,498,985 281,969	339,780	1,611,516 -	51,350 -	48,884 -	3,550,515 281,969
	1,780,954	339,780	1,611,516	51,350	48,884	3,832,484
Additions Disposals	19,364	26,631 (26,631)	98,138	23,189	6,917 -	17 4 ,239 (26,631)
	1,800,318	339,780	1,709,654	74,539	55,801	3,980,092
Depreciation	24.007	000 540	005.005	00.555		
Opening Charge Disposals	21,967 6,019 -	239,519 30,735 (656)	635,635 230,730 -	22,555 9,196 -	20,330 3,718 -	940,006 280,398 (656)
	27,986	269,598	866,365	31,751	24,048	1,219,748
NBV	1,772,332	70,182	843,289	42,788	31,753	2,760,344
2016						
Cost Valuation (land)	1,491,841 281,969	339,780 -	1,180,564 -	37,503 -	42,607 -	3,092,295 281,969
	1,773,810	339,780	1,180,564	37,503	42,607	3,374,264
Additions Disposals	7,144 	-	432,995 (2,043)	19,119 (5,272)	6,277 -	465,535 (7,315)
	1,780,954	339,780	1,611,516	51,350	48,884	3,832,484
Depreciation						***************************************
Opening Charge	16,501	196,550	375,571	16,413	17,116	622,151
Disposals	5,466 -	42,969	261,237 (1,173)	6,799 (657)	3,214 -	319,685 (1,830)
•	21,967	239,519	635,635	22,555	20,330	940,006
NBV	1,758,987	100,261	975,881	28,795	28,554	2,892,478
Valuation Portion 3777, UI Portion 3798, UI Portion 3809, UI Portion 3805, UI Allotment 42, Se	aveo subdivisio aveo subdivisio aveo subdivisio	n, Kokopo, EN n, Kokopo, EN n, Kokopo, EN	IBP IBP	K 100,000 97,200 112,400 91,200 1,237,500		

The valuation of Kada Poroman Microfinance Limited's land was performed by Simeon Tausi Wakias of Kokopo Urban / Rural and Thomas C. Bullen of Gazelle Realty. The valuation is dated 6^{th} July 2010.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

	2017 K	2016 K
15 CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Reconciliation of cash generated from operating activities		
with comprehensive income before taxation:		
Operating loss before taxation	(211,275)	310,646
Non cash flow items	,	
Interest from IBD's	(302,530)	_
Depreciation	280,399	319,685
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	15,975	,
Equity adjustment	(232)	_
Provision for doubtful debts	375,783	-
Increase in other assets	_	(23,650)
Increase in provision for employee benefits	16,639	9,757
Increase in stock and work in progress	24,984	(11,331)
Decrease in debtors and prepayments	183,718	(202,317)
Increase in loans to customers	(1,011,709)	-
Decrease in creditors	(119,876)	959,855
Taxation	(43,248)	-
Net cash generated from operating activities	(791,372)	1,362,645

16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The directors of Kada Poroman Microfinance Limited are not aware of any contingent liabilities which existed at the date of this annual report.

17 RELATED PARTIES

Transactions with related parties, if any, are in accordance with the company's normal trading conditions and occurred in the ordinary course of business.

18 POST BALANCE DATE EVENTS

The directors are not aware of any events which occurred since the end of the financial year to the date of this report which would materially affect these financial statements.

19 EMPLOYEES

The company's average number of employees during the year was 35 (2016: 35)

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2017

20 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Business segment

Kada Poroman Microfinance Limited operates in the business segments of:

Banking and financial services

Geographical segment

Kada Poroman Microfinance Limited operates exclusively in East New Britain Province, Papua New Guinea.